What you need to know about . . .

Wearing Masks

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends wearing cloth face coverings (masks or other fabric covering the mouth and nose) in public settings where it is difficult to maintain social distancing (such as grocery stores and pharmacies). Cloth face coverings are not N95 or surgical masks, but can still slow the spread of coronavirus, the virus that causes COVID-19. Cloth face coverings can be made from common items you probably have at home, such as scarves or other clothing.

Some people with intellectual and developmental disabilities find it hard or even scary to wear masks or face coverings. There are different reasons this could happen and this resource is intended to provide strategies to help the people we support safely cover their faces when it is necessary.

Know how to make a mask

Step 1
You will need 2 thick rubber bands or hair ties and a piece of cloth. You can use cloth you have around the house. It will need to be about as big as a bandana or medium pizza box.

Step 2
Fold the top of the cloth to the middle. Fold the bottom of the cloth to the middle.

Step 3
Fold the top to the middle again. Fold the bottom to the middle again.

Step 4
Place a rubber band or hair tie over each end of the material. The bands should be about 6 inches apart.

Step 5
Fold the ends of the cloth in so that the cloth is under the bands.

Step 6
Put the mask on by pulling the bands back to loop over your ears. Make sure your nose and mouth are fully covered and that you can breathe normally.

If you are supporting someone who cannot tolerate the bands being looped around their ears, you can help them by using another piece of cloth or string to tie the bands to one another and secure the mask at the back of the head.

For a video on making a simple face covering and more pictorial instructions, visit the CDC website at cdc.gov
When people have trouble wearing masks, one or more of these reasons might be causing that feeling —

- **Masks can be scary.** Having fabric placed over your mouth and nose can be a scary experience for people, especially if they do not understand why it is necessary. Masks can be even more scary for people who already have trouble breathing.

- **Masks can be uncomfortable.** Some people have trouble tolerating different textures of fabric and/or fabric and bands around their face.

- **Masks can be stigmatizing.** Some people might think masks make them look different from the people around them, especially when supporters are not wearing masks.

Making masks less scary

- Explain why we need to wear masks.
- Use a social story to help explain masks to people with more limited communication.
- Start with wearing masks for short times, such as 5 or 10 minutes using a timer or long enough to walk outside and get the mail.
- Make sure a person’s mask is not obstructing their breathing. If it is, adjust the mask or use a different type of facial covering, such as a scarf or wrap.
- Work on this together. All supporters should be wearing masks along with the person.
- Set expectations and rehearse. If masks are needed for an appointment, explain when the mask will be put on and when it will come off. Role playing may be helpful.

Making masks more comfortable

- Use fabric or string to connect the rubber bands and tie the mask behind the person’s head to avoid looping over ears.
- Make sure the mask is not rubbing skin in a way that causes redness. Check for redness each time you take the mask off and take precautions to prevent any breakdown.
- Consider an alternative, such as a scarf or wrap that can be pulled over the person’s mouth and nose.
- Avoid touching the person lightly when applying a mask. Use a firm but gentle touch.
- If the person has an occupational therapist, consult with the therapist for strategies.

Making masks seem less stigmatizing

- Explain why we need to wear masks. Consider educational videos that show other people wearing masks.
- Supporters should wear masks whenever required to do so.